Sonora Field Campaign 2006

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Overview

- Introduction
 - Experiment
 - Study Area
- Tower Experiment
- Rainfall Experiment
 - Valley
 - Mountain
- Slide Show

Introduction

- Experiment
 - Purpose
 - Multicultural Education
 - Evapotranspiration / Soil Moisture Relationship
 - Satellite Precipitation Estimation Validation
 - Study Area
 - Location within Mexico
 - Vegetation, Soil Type, Topography, Climate

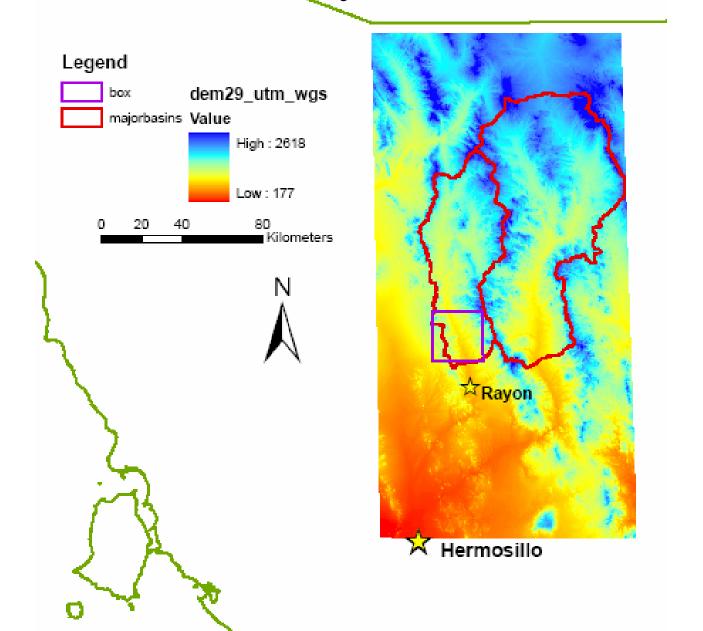
Multicultural Education

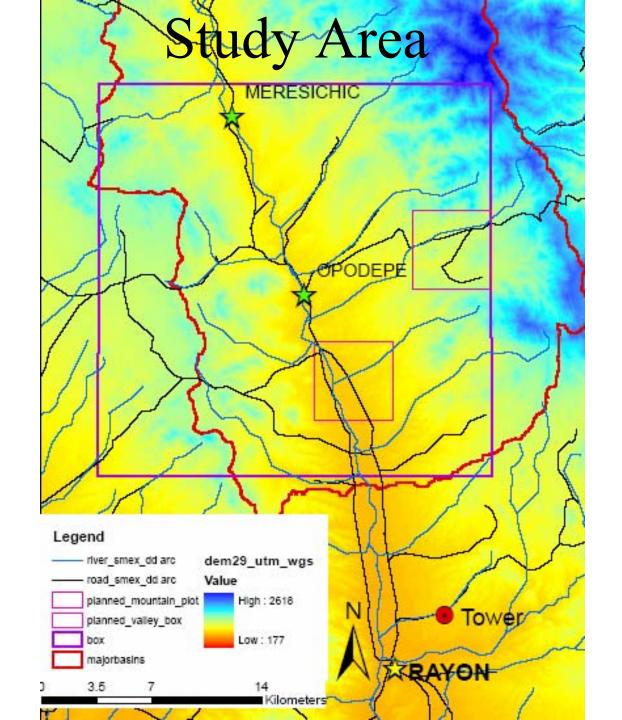
- Diversity of Participants
 - 6 Mexican Undergrads
 - 2 American Undergrads
 - 1 Mexican Professor of British Heritage
 - 1 American Professor of Puerto Rican Heritage
 - 2 Mexican Researchers
 - 1 Ethiopian Post-Doc
 - 1 Mexican Graduate Student studying in America
 - 2 Italian Doctoral Researchers studying in America

Satellite Precipitation Estimation Validation

- TRMM (Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission)
- Pixel size 5 km x 5 km
- Determine variability within 25 km²
- Utilize event rain gauges randomly distributed within a 25 km² area of two different topographic profiles

Study Area



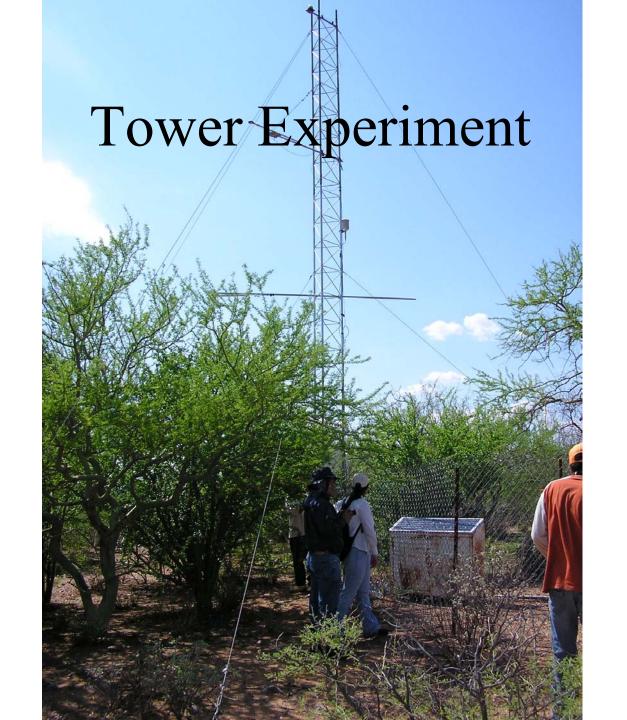


Vegetation & Soil

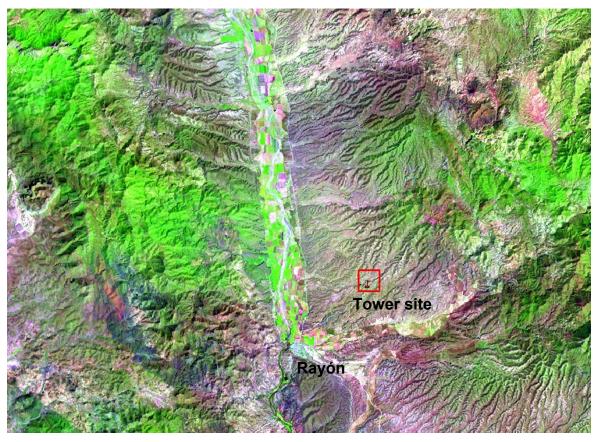
- Desert to Sub-Tropical Vegetation
 - Cacti Cholla, Prickly Pear, Organ Pipe
 - Mesquite and Ocotillo
 - Soft-stemmed ground cover
 - Deciduous trees in higher elevations
- Rocky Mineral Soil in Mountains
- Silty Soil in Valley

Topography & Climate

- Elevation range from 600 to 1600m
- Very complex terrain
- Temperature range from 0°C to 40+°C
- Seasonal monsoons in mid-summer and late-winter



1. Study site





- Located 4 km Northeast of Rayón, Sonora, México.
- Established in a subtropical Shrubland ecosystem.

2. Purpose

- Study the variability of soil moisture within an area of 250 m²
- This will be accomplished by taking soil temperature and soil moisture



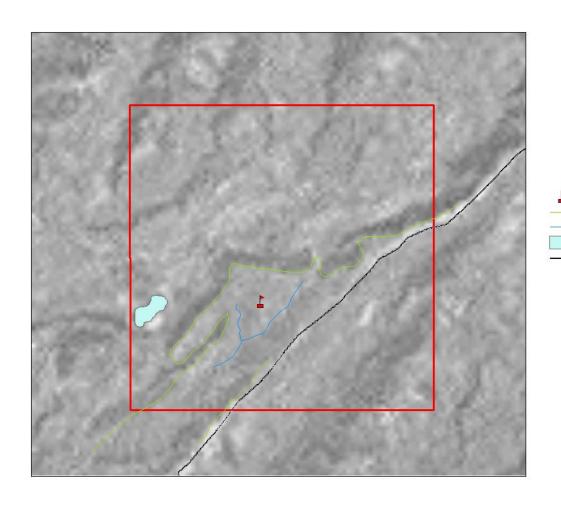


Soil temperature at 1, 5 and 10 cm depth. Soil moisture (Thetaprobe)

Soil surface temperature (IR thermometer)

3. Sampling plots set up

- Original Plots: 1 km²
- Simulates a LST MODIS pixel





Stream

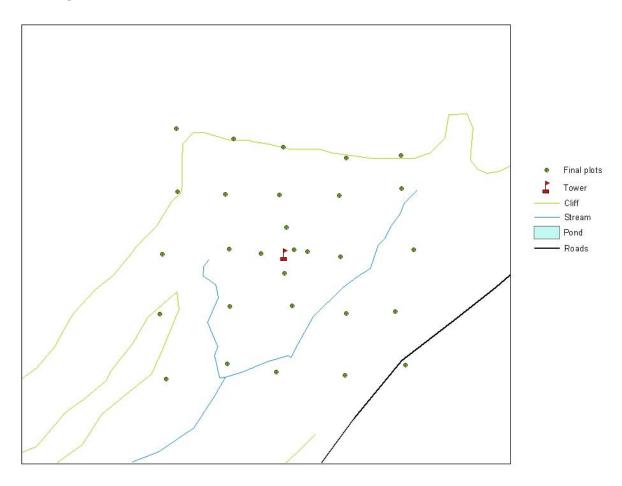
Roads



3. Sampling plots set up

• Final Plots: 250 m²

Simulates a Vegetation MODIS pixel



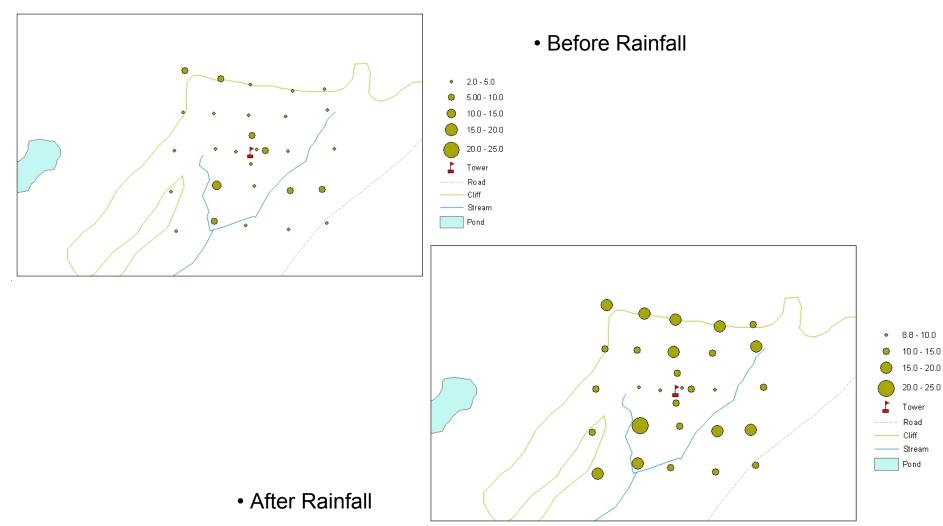
4. Plot dimensions:

- Plot dimension: 1m²
- It contains four randomized points of sampling around the plot
- Possible bias



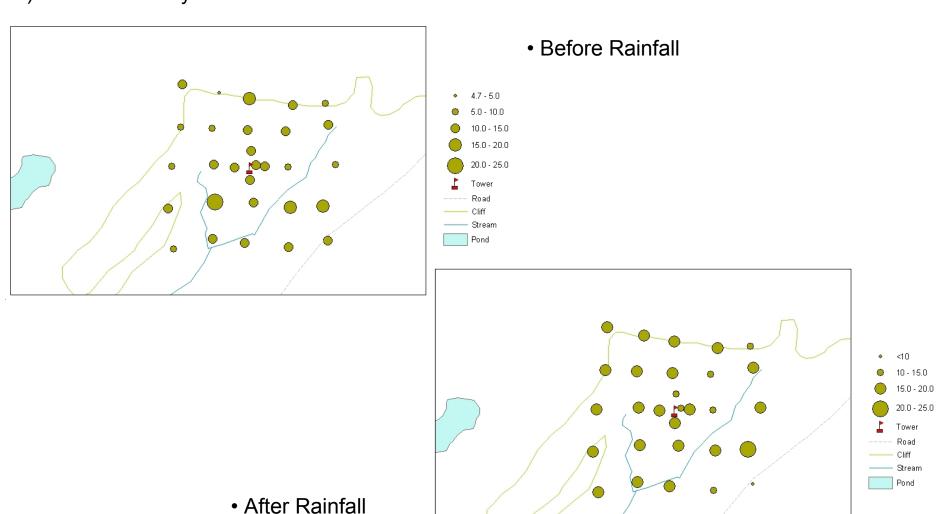
5. Preliminary results:

a) Rain event: July 11th 2006



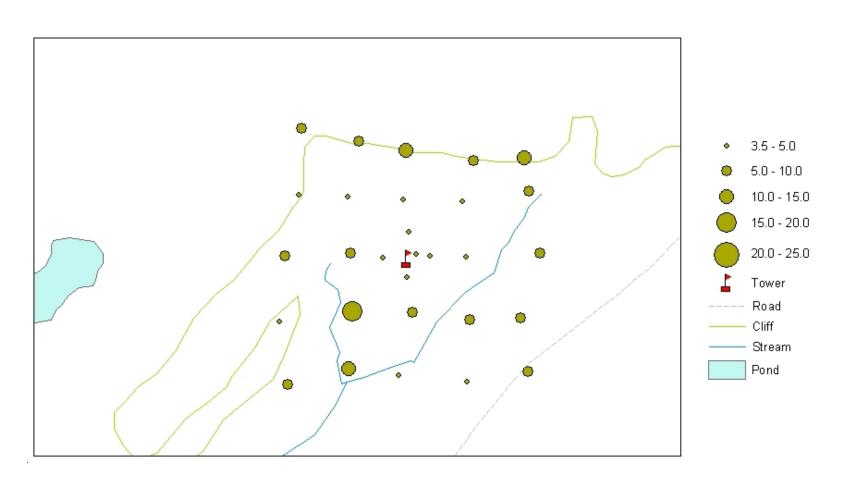
5. Preliminary results:

b) Rain event: July 13th 2006

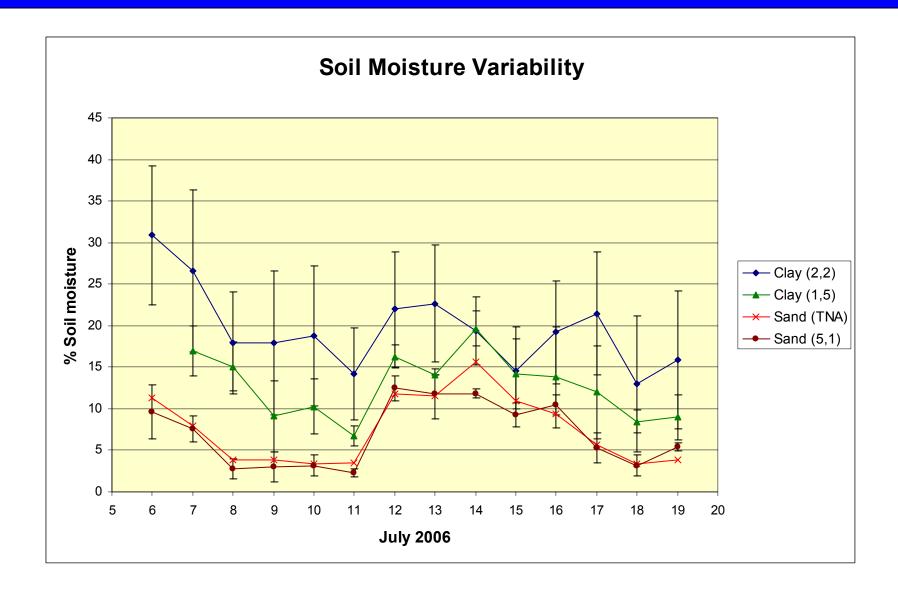


5. Preliminary results:

c) Last day of sampling: July 19th 2006



5. Preliminary results:



5. Preliminary results:

d) Plots 2,2 and 2,5 (clay soils)









- Field method
- Plasticity test
- Clay films



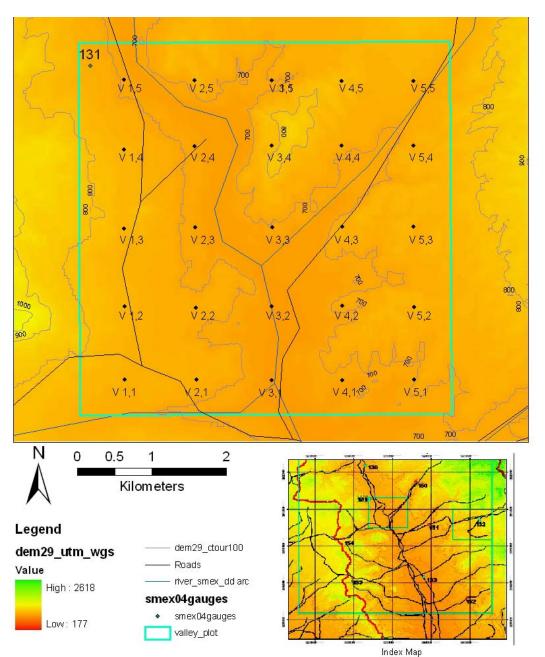
Equipment

- 25 individual event rain gauges
- 1 tipping bucket rain gauge
- GPS

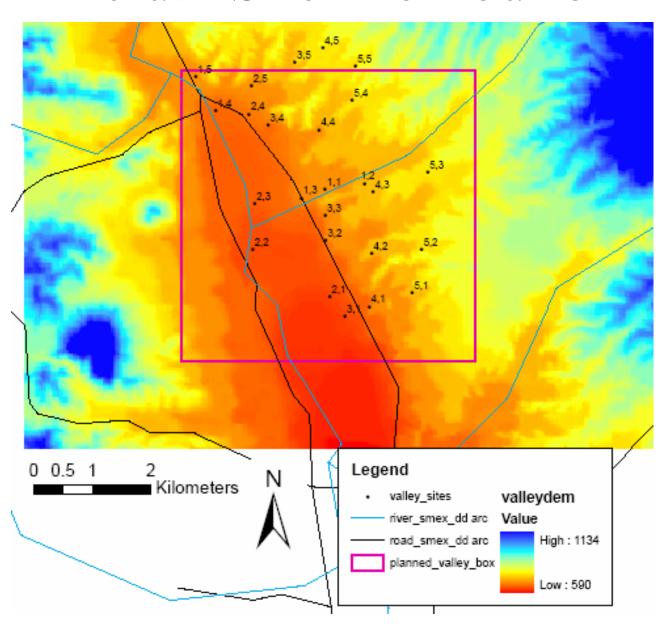




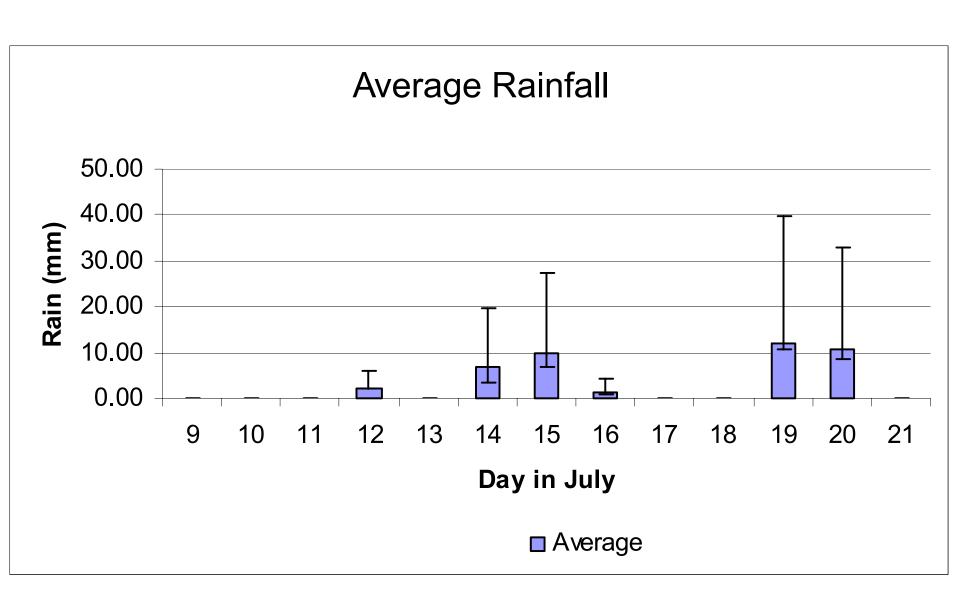
Site Selection & Planned Distribution

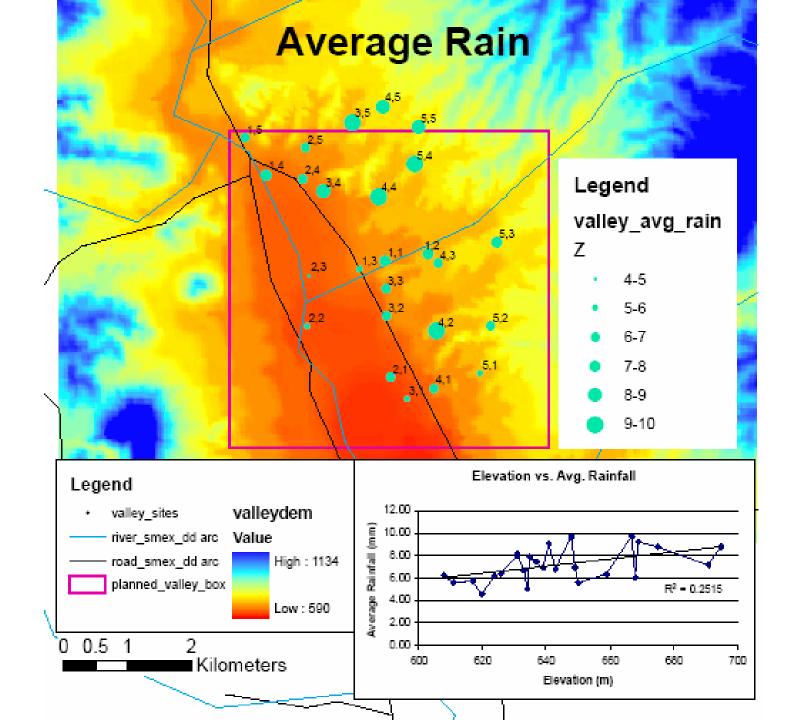


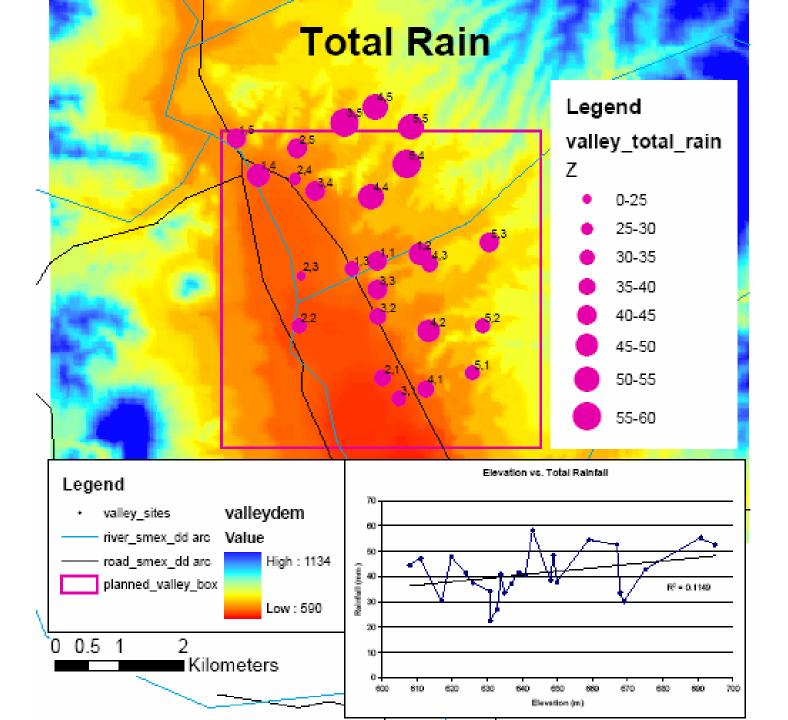
Actual Site Distribution

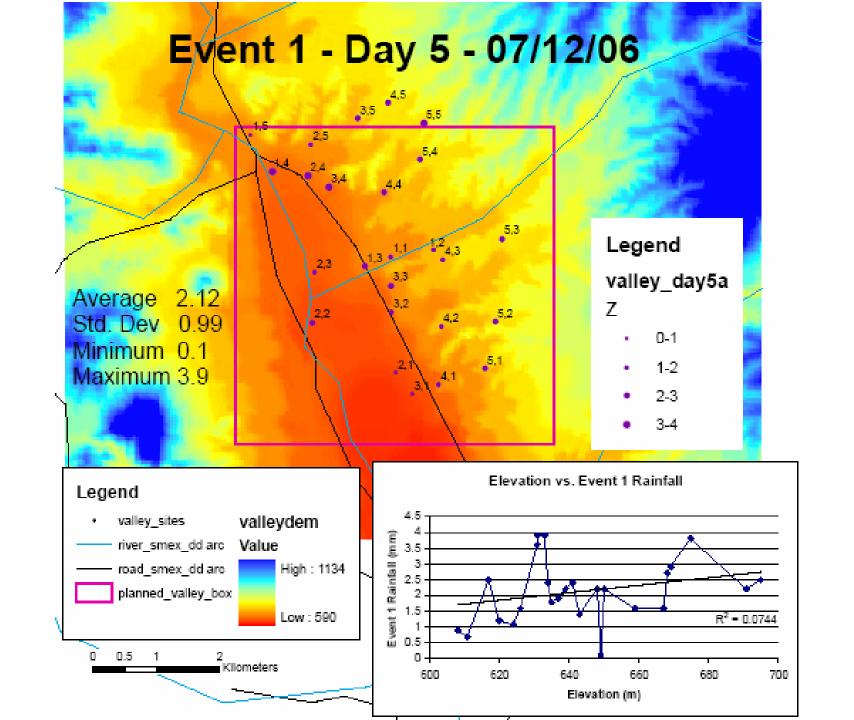


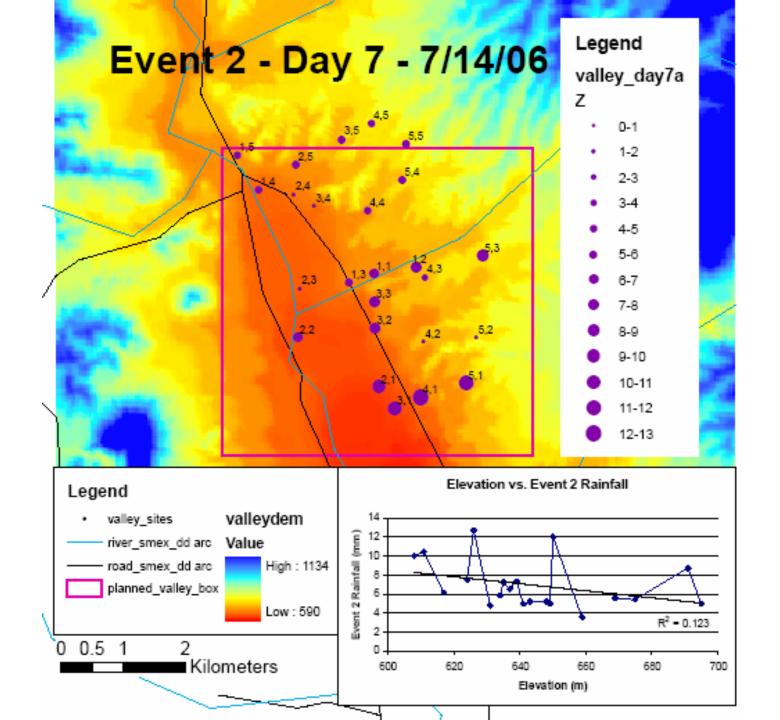
Rainfall Events

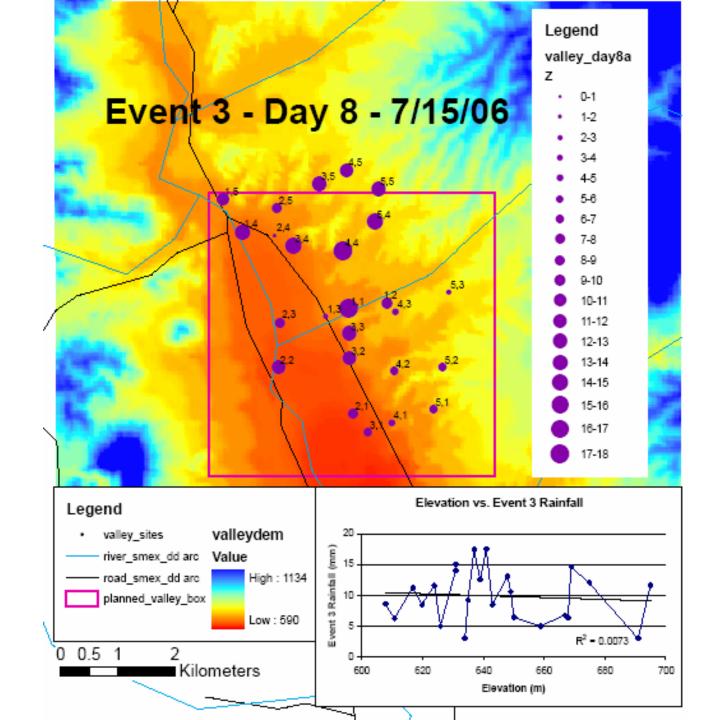


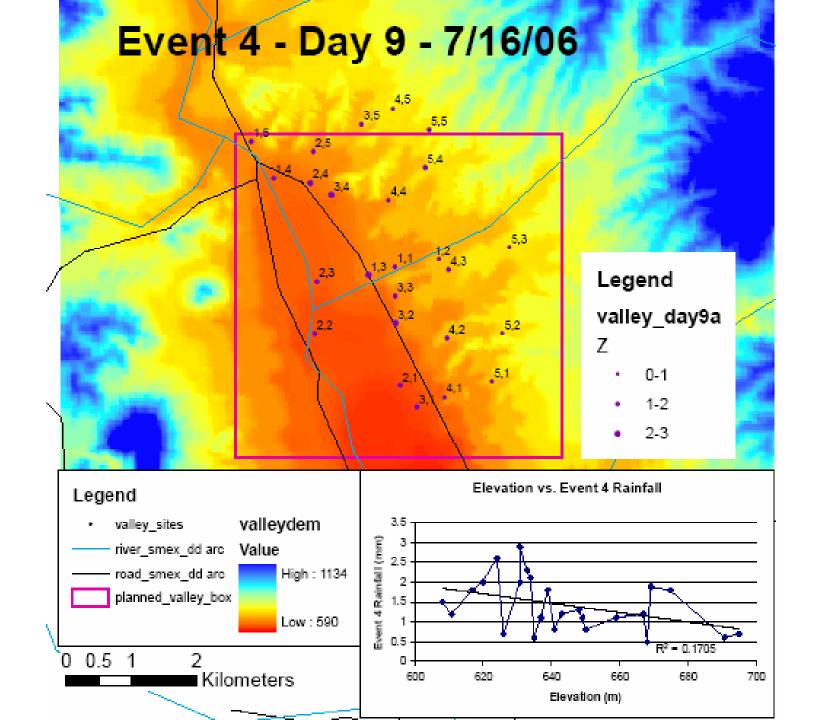


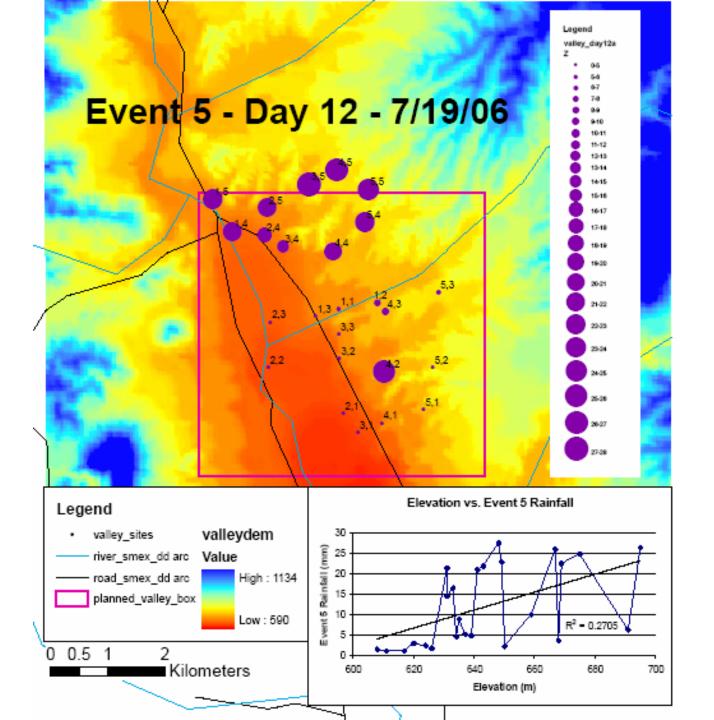


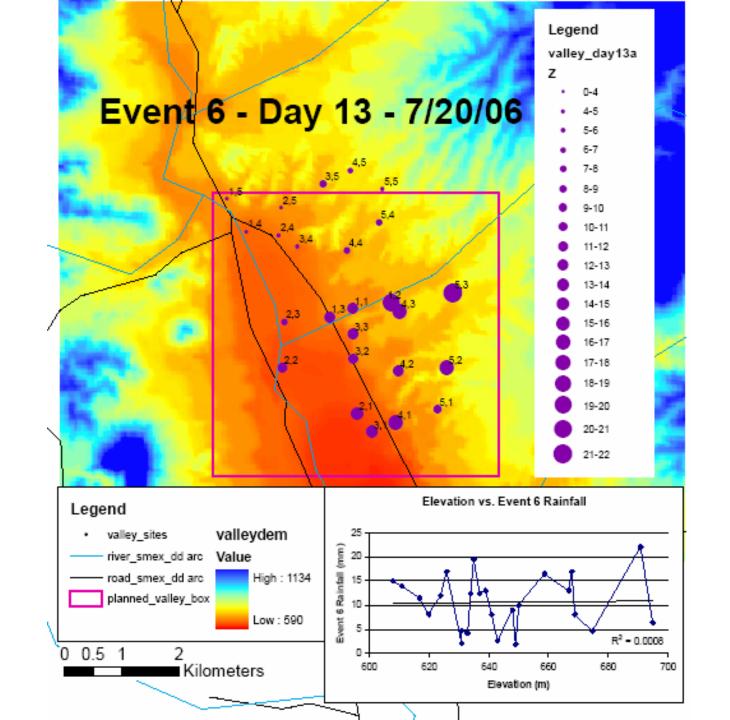














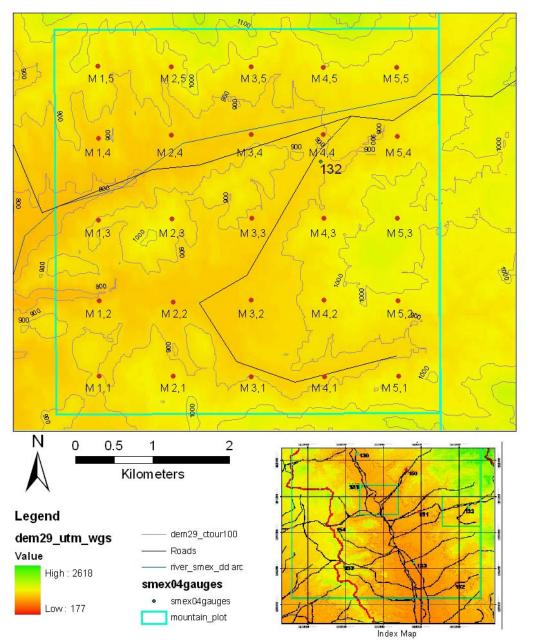
Equipment

- 25 individual event rain gauges
- 3 tipping bucket rain gauges
- GPS

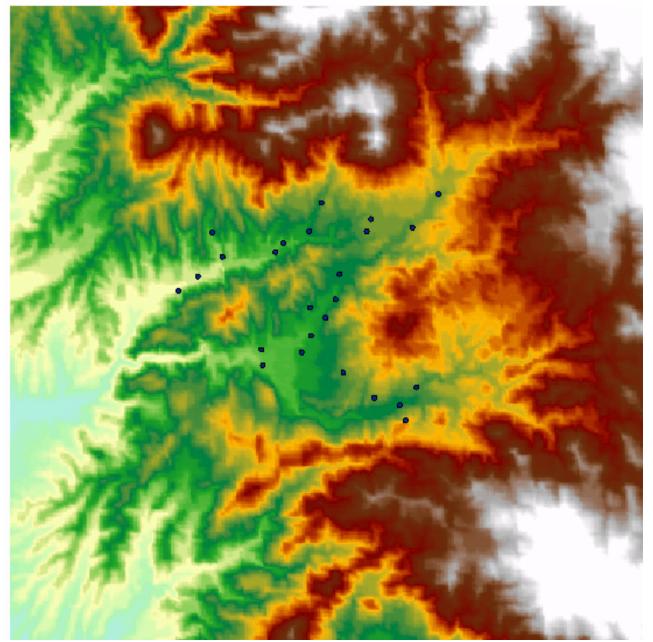




Site Selection & Planned Distribution



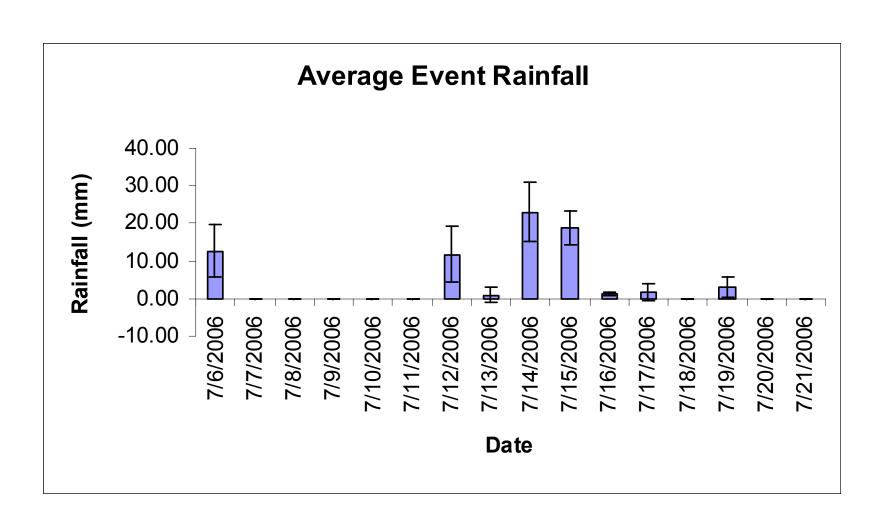
Actual Distribution

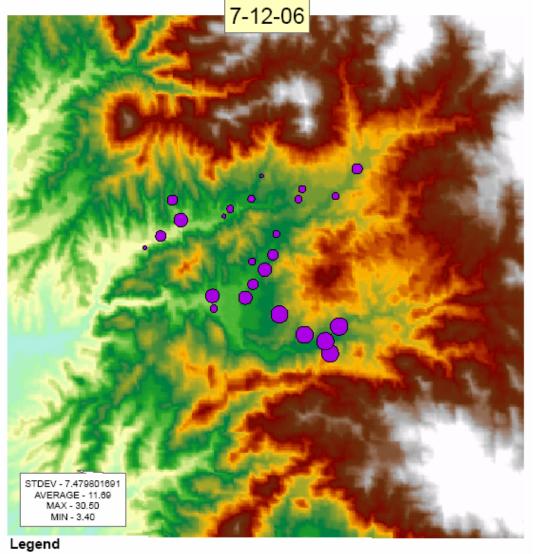


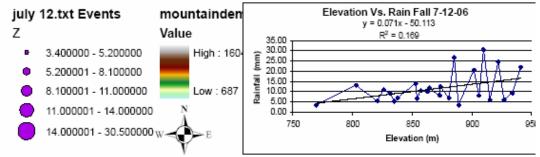
Topography & Climate

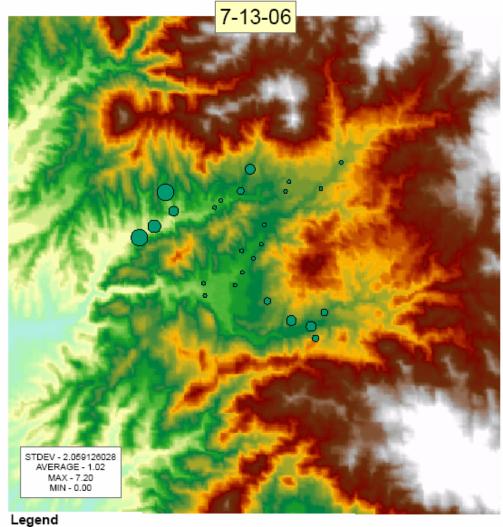
- Elevation range from 600 to 1600m
- Very complex terrain
- Temperature range from 0°C to 40+°C
- Seasonal monsoons in mid-summer and late-winter
- Snow at high elevations

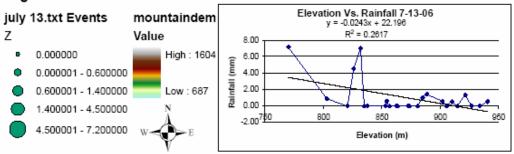
Rainfall Events

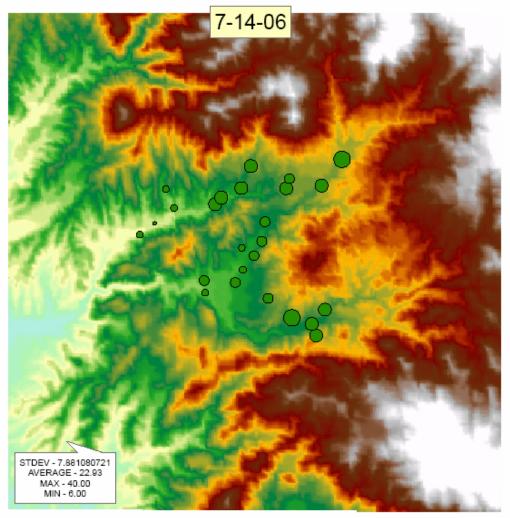


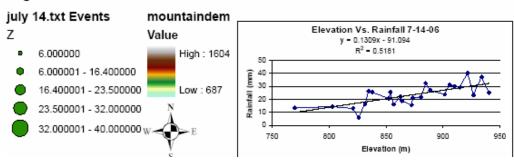


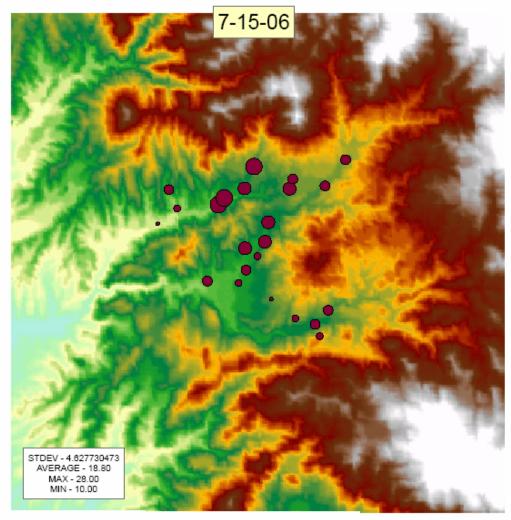


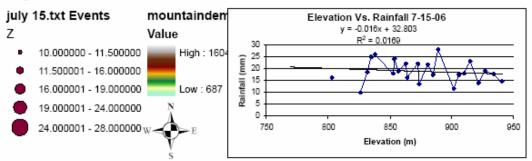


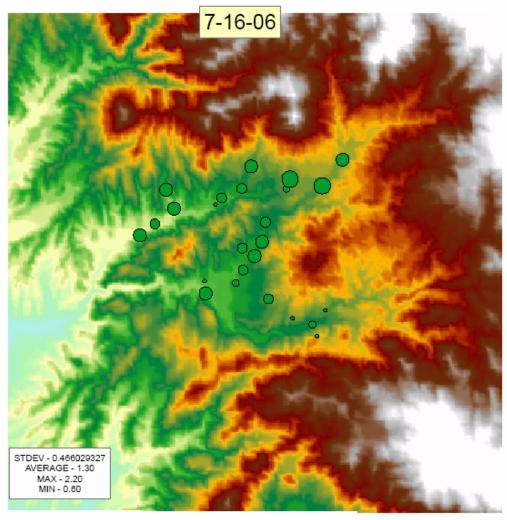


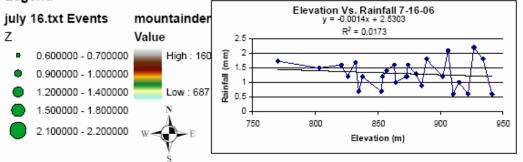


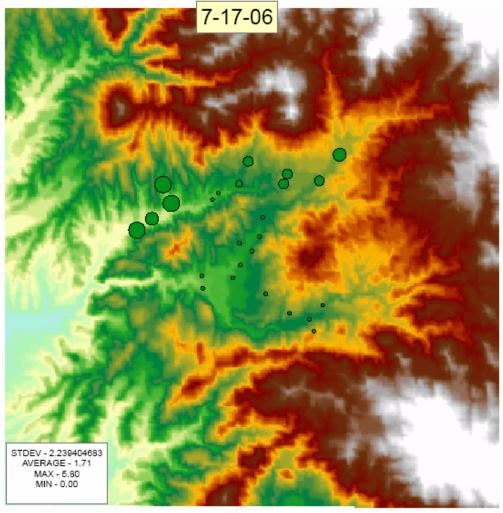


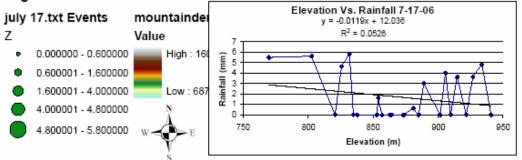


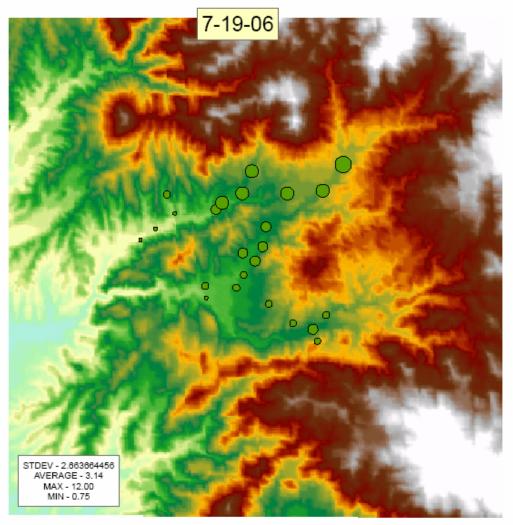


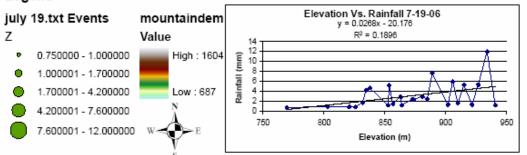


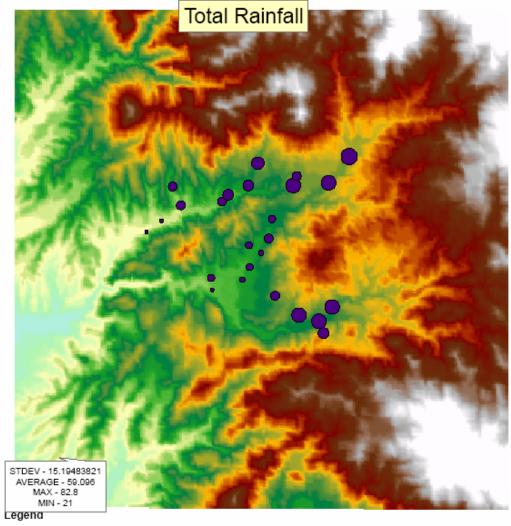




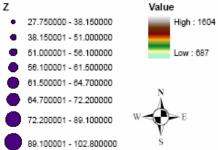


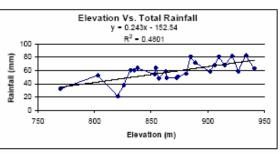






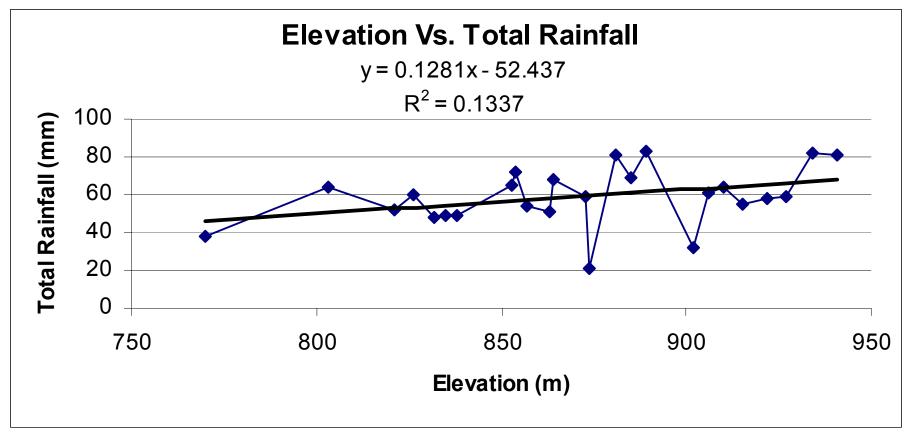
total measured rain.txt Eventsmountaindem





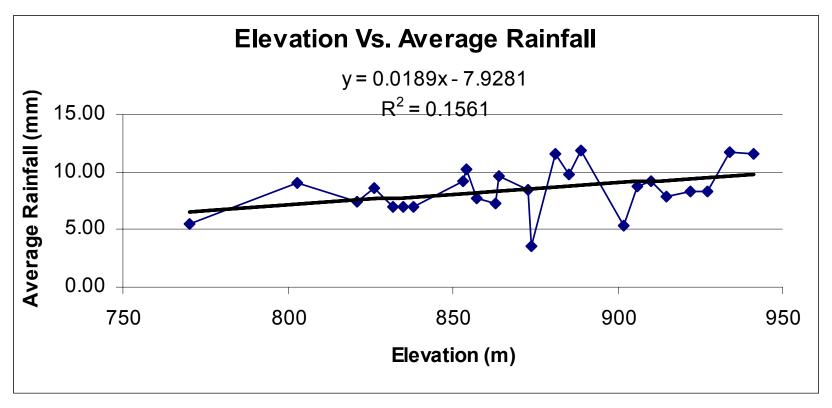
Elevation Vs. Total Rainfall

• STDEV= 15.19 AVG= 59.1mm



Elevation Vs. Average Rainfall

• STDEV= 2.07 AVG= 8.49 mm



Rio Sonora – July 7, 2006

